

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET. For Governor, WILLIAM W. SINGLERLY, of Philadelphia.

A MASS meeting of Maryland Democrats denounced Senator Gorman as a traitor and demanded his resignation.

THE receipts of the government for July are likely to exceed the expenditures for the first time in twelve months.

OWING to the reports of failure of the corn crops there was considerable excitement on the Chicago board of trade.

JUDGE JOSEPH HOLT, who was Judge-Advocate General of the Army, and at one time acted as Secretary of War, died at his residence in Washington on Wednesday.

A BILL to prevent alien ownership of land has been introduced by Representative Boen, of Minnesota. It provides that it shall be unlawful for the government or any citizens of the United States to convey land within the United States to persons not citizens.

THE labor commission appointed by President Cleveland to investigate the causes of the recent strike will hold its first meeting at the postoffice building, Chicago, on Aug. 15, and requests railroads, labor organizations and citizens having a personal or patriotic interest in the right solution of the question to be inquired into and who cannot attend the public hearing, to present their views and suggestions in writing to the commission prior to the public hearing.

IF cable advices from the seat of war be authentic, the Japanese navy is making decisive work of sweeping the sea free of Chinese vessels. The great man-of-war which escaped in the first engagement is now reported sunk in a second attack, with her two large war vessels.

AT a special meeting of the Cleveland Democratic organization of Buffalo and Erie county, New York, on Monday night a resolution was unanimously adopted, commending the letter written by President Cleveland to Chairman Wilson as a plain, straightforward presentation of the position of the Democratic party with reference to pending tariff legislation; deploring the position taken by some Democratic senators in thus far preventing the fulfillment of Democratic pledges for tariff reform, and commending the action of Senator Hill in endorsing the President's letter.

GOVERNOR PATTON has been charged in some quarters with lukewarmness in the military movement to suppress the outbreak at Chicago and other points. The criticism has resulted from the refusal of the governor to be interviewed on the subject. It is stated on good authority that the governor sent Adj. Genl. Greenland to Washington to promise the President 12,000 armed men from Pennsylvania in 10 days if they were needed to restore order. The adjutant general called on the President and made this offer, and Mr. Cleveland thanked him for it.

NO less than 120,000 people are now believed to have been swept away by the plague in the district of Canton, China. Two Japanese experts, who studied several years at the Koch institute, were sent by their government to make inquiries. They report that the period of incubation is from two to seven days, followed by prostration and high fever ending in delirium and coma. Both physicians declare they identify plague bacillus, which is different to any ever found in the human body. They describe it as the form of slender, straight filaments, short in length. It devastates all the principal internal organs.

IF the demagogues were capable of speaking honestly, says the New York Sun, they would confess that, until they undertake to win by violence or intimidation, by the destruction of other men's property or by the oppression of other men's rights, no troops are ever seen. Troops never go to oppose a strike or to help a corporation; they go to uphold the law and keep the peace and for nothing else. Owing to such inflammatory falsehoods in strike resolutions prepared by professional agitators this seems to be a hard lesson for some men to learn. But all must learn it, even if every individual member of a trade union has to revolve it in his own mind apart from the malign influence of mendacious leaders.

NO DOUBT now exists that war has been declared between China and Japan, and that the king of Corea has been made a prisoner by the Japanese. Marines have been landed by Capt. B. F. Day, commanding the American flagship Baltimore, to protect the American consulate at Seoul, the capital of Corea. On July 24 a Japanese man-of-war fired upon and sunk the steamship Kow Shung, owned in London, which had been chartered by the Chinese government to convey troops to Corea. The Japanese cruiser ordered the Kow Shung to stop, and upon her refusal, fired upon her, with the result that she sank with all hands on board, including a large number of soldiers.

Mr. Mathison, one of the owners of the Kow Shung, said that at the outset of the war Japan would be victorious, as she had long been preparing by drilling armies and equipping warships, but eventually China must crush Japan by mere force of numbers. China has about 30 men-of-war, of which five are fairly good armored ships, carrying Krupp guns. The Japanese navy consists of the same number of vessels, with about an equal armament, but they are believed to be in better condition and better manned and officered than the Chinese. In the number of soldiers she can put in the field China is vastly the superior, but her men have not the fighting qualities of the Japanese and are not as well armed and disciplined.

While some of the "conservatives" in the senate are afraid of free iron ore, the Iron Age and other trade journals are discussing the capacity of our iron manufacturers to invade the markets of the world with their wares. The Iron Age, which is a staunch protectionist journal said on March 29:

"We are sure that few Americans familiar with our resources and our methods are not convinced that the manifest destiny of the United States is to become the greatest manufacturing country in the world. What we have accomplished in some branches of agriculture and of industry is merely a forerunner of the great achievements which the next generation will bring."

The editor thinks our prices will, after one more turn, be "on a parity with the industrial market," and then, with better consular service and more attention to foreign trade, we may expect to hold our own in the markets of the world.

We are now, in fact, exporting millions of dollars' worth of iron and steel products, agricultural implements, stoves, sewing machines, saws, axes and nearly all kinds of tools, locomotives and, within a few weeks, pig iron from Alabama to England. It is, then no wonder that even protectionist journals are waking up to the fact that with free raw materials and our protection bands removed from all quarters of the earth.

REPUBLICAN journals are fond of pointing to the prosperous condition of this country in the last thirty years under high protective tariffs. In response we cite a single indisputable fact, which they can hardly explain and at the same time maintain that protection protects the masses. Here is the fact, lately mentioned in the New York World:

"When 4,047 men can absorb under twenty years of protection over one-fifth the total wealth of the United States, protection must be a beneficial thing for them. But when there has been no increase in the per capita wealth, and all they have acquired must have been more transference from other pockets to their own, obtained by making the people, it is the milksucker kicked over the pail, the milking lat, and the milker."

Let every Democrat spread this fact broadcast, for its meaning is unquestionable, and as an argument it is unanswerable.

IT is unusual for forest fires to rage violently when the trees are in full leaf and the ground covered with trifling vegetation. This has been an unusual year in this respect, and forest fires have raged in various sections from the Jersey pine regions to far off Washington during the month of July. The most destructive of these conflagrations have been in the pineries of Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan. In Wisconsin especially the damage has been unprecedented, several important towns have been wiped out of existence. Of course this means destitution and suffering to hundreds of human beings, who have been left homeless and almost naked without a moment's warning. Prompt measures should be taken for the relief of the victims of the forest fires, and those who still have homes and a mean of livelihood should be ready to share with the victims of the flames.

CHAIRMAN MARTIN, of the house, committee on invalid pensions, Wednesday succeeded in having passed three bills of a general nature. These were house bills to amend the general act of June 27, 1890, by providing pensions for widows and orphans of soldiers who died or were killed in discharge of duty, and who did not, therefore, receive discharge from the service; authorizing fourth-class postmasters to administer oaths to pensioners; to extend during the term of their natural lives the pensions granted to insane, idiotic, or other permanently helpless orphan children of a deceased soldier.

PHILLIPS, Wis., July 29.—A few ruins out of 700 buildings stand amid smoke and ashes on the scene of what was on Friday the flourishing city of Phillips, the county seat of Price county. The homeless, except those who have been offered shelter in the neighboring towns, whose people themselves passed a sleepless night through the fear of the fire, are on all sides, had no covering for their worn out bodies last night. Worse than all, at least thirteen people are known to have lost their lives.

Washington Letter. The Democrats who place the interests of the party and the country above that of individuals, whether those individuals be U. S. Senators or private citizens, have been working manfully since the smoke of the Senatorial explosion, which for a time threatened to make tariff legislation impossible at this session of congress, cleared away, to bring about a better state of feeling among Democrats who differ in their opinions as to the extent to which tariff reform ought to be carried at this time. While it cannot be said that their work has yet been entirely successful, it has certainly had a good effect, and the belief is now general that the renewal of the tariff conference will result in an agreement that can be accepted by the Democrats of both house and senate and by President Cleveland without loss of dignity or prestige on the part of either.

Now that the events of the past week can be calmly considered there seems to be reason for the opinion held by many able Democrats, that personal prejudice was allowed to enter into much of the talk that has been indulged in, and that some people have been far more anxious to "get even" than upon the good of the country or the welfare of the Democratic party. However, as the policy of these Democrats who are now trying to bring about harmonious action on the part of congress is to let bygones be bygones the least said is soonest mended, and the tariff bill and recent party happenings the better. Too much, much too much, has already been said, both in congress and in Democratic newspapers. The line of every Democrat should now be to "get together," pass the tariff bill and elect a majority of the next house. For certain it is that if the first two things are not soon accomplished, the party will be ready to break up into party dissensions, will soon become an impossibility.

Mr. Franklin Mac Veagh, who enjoys the distinction of having been nominated by the Democrats of Illinois to the U. S. Senate, is in Washington. Mr. Mac Veagh says the Republicans are making a great mistake concerning the attitude of the people towards tariff reform, and that the people are at this time more anxious for tariff reform than they were either in the campaign of 1890 or '92. He states his own opinion thusly: "As between the senate and house bills, my preference is for the latter, because I am a thorough believer in free raw materials. On this question I feel sure the popular verdict sustains the President and the house, and I think we will speedily get a tariff law along the lines of the Wilson bill. Yet I should not feel unhappy if the event that the other view prevail, because to enact a measure like the senate bill is a great achievement for the Democracy. It is a complete reversal of a policy of thirty years standing. It is the first step towards the re-creation of a new tariff of the west that has been marching due east. It is the beginning of a new and better order, and even if only a beginning is not to be commended."

The house adopted a resolution offered by Representative Talbot, of South Carolina, directing the coinage committee to report a 16 to 1 free coinage bill, and the banking and currency committee to report one of all the bills proposing a change in the monetary system of the country, a financial debate that might be indefinitely extended would at once begin in the house. There are several reasons why the house is not likely to adopt this resolution at this time, but one of them would be sufficient—the desire of members to adjourn as soon as the tariff bill is disposed of, in order to take part in the congressional campaign.

The making of the Wilson bill came near causing the death of Chairman Wilson, and if he persists, in the present condition of his health, in trying to perform labors in connection with the tariff conference that would prostrate a strong and healthy man his friends fear for the consequences. He says he is in the fight to remain until the last blow is struck regardless of his own health or feelings.

Although Minister Willis was somewhat premature in fully recognizing the republic of Hawaii in advance of instructions to that effect from Secretary Cleveland there is little to be gained by his action will be approved by the administration. It is not probable that any action will be taken on the formal protest of the ex-governor against the establishment of the republic in Hawaii.

The bills for the admission of New Mexico and Arizona have been favorably reported to the senate and as there is practically no opposition to either, it is a question of time when they will become laws.

There are many sensational rumors afloat concerning the testimony taken by the senate committee that is investigating the case of Chief Justice Chase, and designated heir to the chief magistracy of the tribes. Prince of the blood being, Foss, used his influence, and Osakin was cleared, and was looked upon as chief Moses's successor.

AN Audience Panic Stricken. Wellsboro, July 29.—A violent thunder storm in this place last night damaged crops and much property. Two barns and a dwelling were struck by lightning and burned. A dramatic performance was going on in a tent, and the wind split the canvass, and the audience of 1,000 persons were drenched and thrown into a panic. Women faint, children screamed, and men rushed for the exit, and panicked persons, while the rain fell in sheets and the lightning was incessant. Fortunately no one was injured.

WISCONSIN TOWN BURNED. Phillips, Wis., July 29.—A few ruins out of 700 buildings stand amid smoke and ashes on the scene of what was on Friday the flourishing city of Phillips, the county seat of Price county. The homeless, except those who have been offered shelter in the neighboring towns, whose people themselves passed a sleepless night through the fear of the fire, are on all sides, had no covering for their worn out bodies last night. Worse than all, at least thirteen people are known to have lost their lives.

THE Pittsburg Post contains 64 columns of news every day, and sells for one cent. Compare it with any other paper published.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report. Baking Powder. ABSOLUTELY PURE.

Fire Twenty-Five Miles Long. Kalso Wash., July 29.—The losses so far reported from the great forest fires raging throughout the mountains of this locality aggregate about \$125,000. The people of the Sloan district are left destitute and without shelter or food. Fires had been burning around the unfortunate towns for several days, but about noon on Friday a fierce gale swept down the mountains, lifting high in the air tops and limbs of burning trees, and carrying them long distances. Brands to start new fires in a thousand different places.

Almost instantly a dozen fires were raging in Three Forks. The error stricken people had to flee for their lives, leaving everything behind them. At Boas Lake, Mr. Mahoney, a hotel keeper, with his wife and two small children, waded out into the water of the lake and remained there for hours. It is reported that a number of lives have been lost among the prospectors. It is feared that Calahan, the telegraph operator, at Watson, and Frank Price who was on the north fork of Carpenter creek, have carried the same fate.

The line of fire is twenty-five miles long and the damage to valuable timber is enormous. Buildings at the Tam O'Shanter mine and the Blue Bell mine were burned. At Kalso alarm is felt for the safety of the town. A big fire has been burning on the lake shore within a quarter of a mile of the village.

A Destructive Conflagration. Minneapolis, July 30.—Twenty acres of lumber piles, containing about 25,000,000 feet of lumber belonging to the Shevelin Carpenter Lumber company, situated on the west bank of the river within a quarter of a mile of the center of the city, were destroyed by fire this afternoon at a loss of fully \$900,000. In addition to this the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railroad company, situated on the east bank of the river, was burned together with twenty-one freight cars and the valuable Pin-tach gas plant.

Careless on the part of the engineer and fireman of an Omaha switch engine, on the night of July 29, caused the destruction of their engine while passing the yards supposed to have been the cause of the fire. Numerous fires were also started in different parts of the city, but in every case they were extinguished in short order. The principal losses are as follows: Shevelin Carpenter Lumber company, loss on lumber in yards, \$300,000, fully insured; Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railroad company, loss on freight cars, \$12,000.

Romance in Real Life. Princeton, Ky., July 28.—Dolly Jones, a beautiful young girl, 17 years of age, arranged to elope with her lover, Joseph Colston, naming the time, Cassius Hicks, a rival, overheard the arrangement, and on the night appointed, with the aid of a confederate, deceived Miss Jones to his own home, and for her to enter, drove her to the house of his friend, where for ten days she was kept a prisoner, each day refusing Hicks' daily proposal of marriage. Meantime Miss Jones was conveyed to her father, who, lashed with an armed posse to release his daughter. Her captors ignominiously fled, and now Miss Jones is to marry Colston without an elopement.

Big Bills for Damages. Chicago, July 29.—Large bills for damage to and destruction of railroad property by the strike rioters are now coming into the city hall. The Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis railroad has presented a bill which aggregates \$419,691. The largest item is \$401,691 for 729 freight cars destroyed and forty-one damaged. Eighteen thousand dollars is charged for the loss of several hundred cars. The Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago has presented a bill of \$24,347. The largest item is for fourteen freight cars destroyed and fifty-eight damaged. \$14,887 Mayor Hopkins announced that he has shown the bills and merely remarked: "Wait until we get through with them."

Bituminous Coal Mining. Harrisburg, July 29.—The production of bituminous coal in this state last year as shown by the figures of the bureau of industrial statistics was 43,421,898 tons. The number of men employed was 81,500. In the anthracite region the production was 47,179,400 tons and the number of men employed 78,750.

Killed the Whole Family. Los Angeles, Cal., July 26.—John Craig drove to Glendale last night and shot and killed his wife, Emily Hunter Craig, from whom he was divorced three months ago, and her brother, George Craig. Returning to the city, he went to the home of William Hunter, his father-in-law, and shot and killed him and his wife, Mary Hunter. Then he fired two shots into his own head, but it did not take effect. He will be committed to the hospital that he will recover. He says that he was haunted by his wife's relatives and wanted revenge, but was sorry he had not succeeded in killing himself. The killing grew out of trouble over the settlement of community property.

He Died of Starvation. Salt Lake City, July 29.—William McLaughlin, a well known Salt Lake figure, a common drunkard, died here to-day of starvation. Just before his death McLaughlin said he was the brother of Frank McLaughlin, owner of the Philadelphia Times. Being ashamed of the discredit he had brought upon his family, he had refrained from writing to him, but he knew he was alive.

He consented to the sending of a telegram to Philadelphia, and an answer received directing that the best attention be provided for the dying man, but the relief came too late. Choked to death by her bonnet strings, which were too tight, was the fate of Catharine McCarre, an elderly woman, with a bank account of about \$8,000, who was found dead on the streets in New York Friday evening.

NEW AND OTHER NOTINGS. Congressman Jerry Simpson has been re-nominated. Work in the P. R. R. shops, Altoona, has been extended from three to four days a week. California was shaken by an earthquake Sunday evening which was followed by the falling of a brilliant meteor.

Silverware valued at several hundred dollars was taken from the house of J. W. Atkins, of Beaver Pa., by burglars Monday night. State Senator Foley, of Reno, Nev., was fatally shot by Mrs. M. A. Hartly, an artist in her studio. The cause of the shooting is not known. New England delegates to the convention of Catholic Abolition societies, at St. Paul, Minn., next month, have decided not to ride in Pullman cars.

At a meeting of the Clearfield region miners, Wednesday, it was decided to continue the strike until the operators agree to pay the compromise rates. Ex-Banker Rockefeller, of Wilkes-Barre, convicted of embezzlement, has been sentenced to the penitentiary on a sentence of two and one-half years. Dr. John McKinley's store room at New Castle, Pa., occupied by James Rigby's family, burned on Tuesday with \$3,200 loss. The occupants escaped in their night clothes.

The warehouse and stables of the Geo. W. Knox express company, Washington, D. C., have been destroyed by fire. Three firemen were killed. Two hundred horses perished in the flames. Loss, \$300,000. Messrs. Debs, Howard, Kellner and Rodgers, officers of the American Railway Union, have been freed from jail at Chicago on \$7,000 bail each. Hearing of the various cases against them, has been postponed until September 5.

William Walker and John England, while fishing in the Big Sandy near Paintsville, W. Va., discovered on their hook a large fish, but upon drawing it ashore they found that it was a dead child about 3 years old. There is no clue as to whom the child belonged. The freight traffic on the Pennsylvania railroad continues heavier now than it has been for a long time past. There is great shipment of grain from the west and the coal that is being moved eastward from the West Virginia field is an important item in the much improved railroad business.

A secret compact has been arranged between the Argentine Republic and Great Britain by which Jabez Balfour, the fugitive ex-member of Parliament, under the name of England, has secured the count of his connection with several failed companies, will be surrendered regardless of the extradition treaty between these two countries.

While making excavations in Evelyn addition to Anderson, Ind., workmen unearthed several bodies that ethnologists are unable to place. They are about seven feet in height and proportionately well formed. All the bodies were found in a sitting or standing position, and invariably faced the east. Upon this the theory is advanced that they were sun worshippers.

The Chicago steel mills which were closed during the strike started up on Monday morning with 2,500 men. The Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad strikers are clamoring to resume their old places, and they will be taken back so far as it does not interfere with men already at work. Work is being resumed in all the railroad shops, and by the end of this week the last echo of the strike will have been heard.

While John Koiser, of Hanover, Pa., was driving with Nicholas Wagner's wagon load of tin bottles, between Littleton and Tanytown, on Friday afternoon, a bolt of lightning played a pretty prank on him and the wagon. He saw it dart along the chains which supported the wagon tongue. Then he collapsed. When a stranger entered the wagon and shook Koiser out of his numbness, three miles further on, all the wire-top bottles on one side of the wagon were broken. These had been a "good conductor."

Dr. C. Beck was visiting his sweetest heart, Miss Grace Colver, at New-born, Ind., on Sunday night, when she took it into her head to frighten him by playing ghost. She left him on the veranda, saying she was going to the store to throw a sheet over her head and came upon him suddenly from around the house. Dr. Beck drew his revolver and called on the figure to stop. He called three times but the girl heeded him not. The doctor shot twice, the ball entered Miss Colver's abdomen and another is lodged in her leg. She will probably die.

It is Dangerous to leave home at this season of the year without a ready supply of pure whiskey at hand. MAX KLEIN'S Silver Age Duquesne Bear Creek are highly recommended and general change throughout the country. A few drops in a glass of water will destroy all germs. If your dog does not handle them, send for catalogue and price list, mailed on application to MAX KLEIN, No. 84 Federal Street, BOSTON, PA. telc.2413

1794. 1894. Policies written at short notice in the OLD RELIABLE 'AETNA' and other First Class Companies. T. W. DICK, AGENT FOR THE OLD HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE CO. COMMENCED BUSINESS 1794. Eschenburg, July 11, 1894. To Investors. WHY go away from home to seek investments when you can buy Pennsylvania First Class Shares in the Old Reliable 'AETNA' Fire Insurance Company? For particulars call on or address W. A. KENNERLY, Eschenburg, Pa.

B. & B. We Expect You Dry Goods. To send here for your

And you'll do it, if we sell you the kind you want for less money than any other store will. Write for samples of any kind of goods you are interested in—we'll send them by mail free and postpaid—then when you get the samples and the prices together you can tell whether our claim has any merit.

General reductions now, throughout the store—Silks, Dress Woolsens, Wash Goods, everything—a splendid chance to replenish your wardrobe. All our fine and finest Gingham, up to the 40c ones, are to be sold at 15c a Yard. Fine Silk Gingham, 25c and 35c, including the most beautiful productions of the season. Choice, dainty Jacquard Duchesse, for Summer Dresses, 22 inches wide, 10c and 12 1/2c a yard. Two lots White Goods of special interest. 40-inch Victoria Lawn, 10c a yard. 40-inch India Linen, 12 1/2c a yard.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny, Pa. MINOT'S DENTIFRICE. BEAUTIFIES THE TEETH, PRESERVES THE GUMS, SWEETENS THE BREATH, BENEFITS THE THROAT. SAFE AND AGREEABLE. Everybody uses it. Everybody praises it. The Teeth.—Nothing ever discovered whitens the teeth so quickly and safely as MINOT'S DENTIFRICE. It is free from any acid and all dangerous substances, and can be used with splendid results, even where the teeth seem perfect in appearance.

It whitens and polishes. The enamel beautifully. The Gums.—Nothing ever discovered whitens the gums so quickly and safely as MINOT'S DENTIFRICE. It is free from any acid and all dangerous substances, and can be used with splendid results, even where the teeth seem perfect in appearance. It hardens and preserves the gums perfectly. The Breath.—Nothing ever discovered sweetens the breath, produces the violet-like odor which is so suggestive of neatness and cleanliness, and leaves a sweet pure taste in the mouth. Its action on the throat is peculiarly beneficial. It sweetens the breath, and proportionately well formed. All the bodies were found in a sitting or standing position, and invariably faced the east. Upon this the theory is advanced that they were sun worshippers.

Sale and Agreeable.—Its components are perfectly pure and harmless, and are the best known to the world, and guarantee the teeth without injury to the enamel, and is the best Dentifrice that can be used. It is absolutely pure in quality, prompt in effect, pleasing to use and surprisingly beneficial. It is absolutely safe Under all circumstances. Price 25 Cents per bottle. Sold by druggists generally, or sent to any address on receipt of 25 cents.

SOLE PROPRIETORS, WINKELMANN & BROWN DRUG CO. BALTIMORE, MD., U. S. A. W. L. DOUGLAS'S 33 SHOE IS THE BEST NO SOBERING. \$5. CORDOVAN. \$4.15. FINE CALF, KANGAROO. \$3.39. POLICE, 3 SOLES. \$2.50. \$2. WORKINGMEN'S. \$2.12.75. BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES' \$3.25. \$2.12. DONOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS'S BROCKTON, MASS.

Because we are the largest manufacturers of shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and makes the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing quality. We have them sold every-where at lower prices for the value given than any other manufacturer. We will sell you any dealer cannot supply you, we can. Sold by J. D. LUCAS & CO. BROCKTON, MASS. July 15, 1894.

JOHN PFISTER, DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE, Hardware, Queensware, MADE-UP CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, VEGETABLES IN SEASON, HARNESSES, ETC. OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL, CRESSON, PA. MAR 22 2014

\$40.00 PER WEEK FOR WILLING WORKERS of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Accepted by you, you only run your work. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.

H. HALLET & CO., PORTLAND, MAINE. AGENTS WANTED for all reliable Sewing Machines. COOPER ALLY'S Sewing Machine. SHAWNEE Sewing Machine. A full assortment of Sewing Machines. For particulars call on or address W. A. KENNERLY, Eschenburg, Pa.

THIS well-known and long established Shaving Parlor is now located on Centre street, opposite the City Stable of O'Hara, Davis & Lutz, where the business will be carried on in the SHAMPOONING done in the best and most artistic manner. Clean Towels a specialty. Ladies waited on at their residences. JAMES H. GANT, Proprietor. Jackson Twp., June 15, 1894.

CASH! THE MIGHTY LEVER THAT MOVES THE MARKET!

Has enabled us to purchase at our own price a full line of sonable Dry Goods in Dress Goods, Sattines, Dress Gingham, Lawns, Challies, and all the new things in Wash Goods, Lace Trimming Embroideries, Lace Curtains, Window Blinds, Wall Paper, Rain Poles, Oil Cloth and Carpets. All the New Styles in Shoes, Still Hats for men and boys.

OUTING SHIRTS and Underwear. Full stocks to choose from in all Departments and at Low Cash Prices. Full Stock of Groceries, Flour and all at times. We handle Plain Meat all through the summer at low prices. When in town call and see us, where you get treated right and where your Dollar will go further than elsewhere.

THOS. BRADLEY'S CASH STORE GALLITZIN, PA. FARMERS! TAKE NOTICE

When you want GOOD FLOUR take your grain to the OLD SHENKLE MILL in Ebensburg. The FULL ROLLER PROCESS for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG PROPRIETOR. CLOTHING CLOTHING

We are now ready to show you the Largest and Finest Stock of Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing in the State. Our Stock of Spring and Summer Clothing is complete. We have all the new Spring shapes in Hats and a complete line of Gents' Furnishings of all kinds. It will pay you to come to see us this spring as we have prices to suit the times. Call and examine our stock. We will sell you any Goods and SAVE YOU MONEY.

Very Respectfully, C. A. SHARBAUGH, Carrollton, Pa.

IT WILL PAY YOU To go to QUINN'S, Clinton street, Johnstown, by Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and FREIGHT PAID on All Packages. JAMES QUINN, REDUCTION IN OUTWARD STEERAGE TICKETS TO QUEENSTOWN, \$14.

J. B. MULLEN, Agent Office in Mullen & Smith's Clothing Store, Lilly, Pa. Mountain House STAR SHAVING PARLOR CENTRE STREET, EBENSBURG.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Estate of William Logan, deceased, late of Cambria County, Pennsylvania, executor of the will of said deceased, late of Cambria County, Pennsylvania, having been granted to me, as executor, authority to sell and dispose of the real and personal estate of said deceased, I hereby give notice that I will meet and receive claims against said estate on the 15th day of August, 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M. at the residence of the undersigned, in the town of Ebensburg, Pennsylvania. JAMES H. GANT, Executor of the will of Wm. Logan, deceased. Jackson Twp., June 15, 1894.